

RESOLUTION TO BE USED BY COUNTIES WHEN APPLYING FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE NFIP

Resolution Number: 09-04

WHEREAS, certain areas of the County of Woodson are subject to periodic flooding causing serious damages to properties within these areas; and

WHEREAS, relief is available in the form of Federally subsidized flood insurance as authorized by the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968; and

WHEREAS, it is the intent of this County Board to require the recognition and evaluation of flood hazards in all official actions relating to land use in areas having these hazards; and

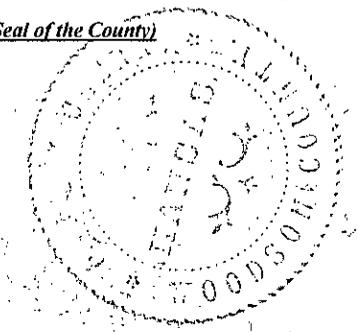
WHEREAS, this body has the legal authority to adopt land use and control measures to reduce future flood losses pursuant to KSA 12-766.

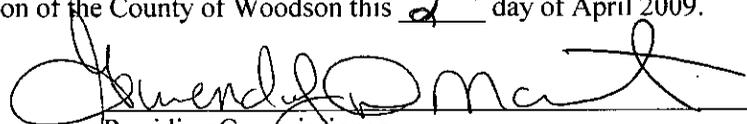
NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that this County Board hereby:

1. Assures the Federal Insurance Administration that it will enact as necessary and maintain in force in those areas having flood hazards, adequate land use and control measures with effective enforcement provisions consistent with the Criteria set forth in Section 60.3 of the National Flood Insurance Program regulations; and
2. Vests the Emergency Coordinator with the responsibility, authority, and means to:
 - a. Assist the Federal Insurance Administrator, at his/her request, in delineating the limits of the areas having special flood hazards;
 - b. Provide such information as the Administrator may request concerning present uses and occupancy of the floodplain areas;
 - c. Cooperate with Federal, State, and local agencies and private firms which undertake to study, survey, map, and identify floodplain areas, and cooperate with neighboring communities with respect to management of adjoining floodplain areas in order to prevent aggravation of existing hazards;
 - d. When received from the Administrator, complete and submit those reports which advise the Administrator on the progress made within the community in the development and implementation of floodplain management measures; and
 - e. Upon occurrence, notify the Administrator in writing whenever the boundaries of the community have been modified by annexation or loss of authority to adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations for a particular area. Included in such notification will be a map of the community, suitable for reproduction, which clearly delineates the new corporate limits or new area for which the community has assumed or relinquished floodplain management regulatory authority.
3. Appoints the Emergency Coordinator to maintain for public inspection and to furnish upon request, for the determination of applicable flood insurance risk premium rates any certificates of floodproofing and information on the elevation (in relation to mean sea level) of the lowest floor (including basement) of all new or substantially improved structures; and
4. Agrees to take such other official action as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the objectives of the Program.

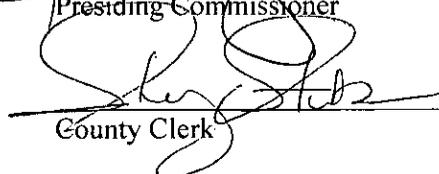
ADOPTED AND PASSED, by the County Commission of the County of Woodson this 2nd day of April 2009.

(Seal of the County)





Presiding Commissioner



County Clerk

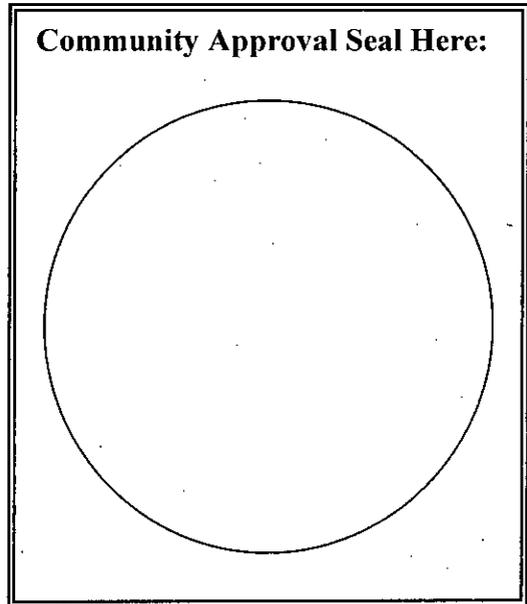
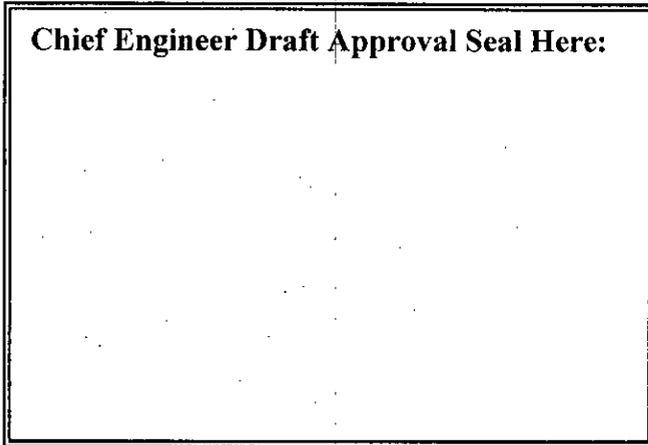
Attest:

ARTICLE 9 CERTIFICATE OF ADOPTION

This Floodplain Management Resolution for the community of Woodson County, Kansas.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Governing Body of Woodson County, Kansas.

This 2ND day of April, 2009.



APPROVED:

Gwendolyn D. Martin
Signature of Chief Executive Officer/Chief Elected Official
Date

Chairman Woodson County Commission Gwendolyn D. Martin
Chief Executive Officer/Chief Elected Official Name (Typed/printed)
Title

ATTEST:

Shelley A. Stuber
Signature of Recording Clerk
Date

Woodson County Clerk Shelley A. Stuber
Recording Clerk Name (Typed/printed)
Title

Published in Official News publication Yates Center News
(Name of Publication).

April 13, 2009

Scott Wiltse, Emergency Coordinator
Woodson County
105 W. Rutledge St.
Yates Center, KS 66783

Subject: Floodplain Regulations Approval for Woodson County, Kansas

Dear Scott,

On April 3, 2009, the floodplain management regulations submitted by yourself on behalf of Woodson County, Kansas were received for review. The Chief Engineer, Division of Water Resources, Kansas Department of Agriculture, acting under terms of K.S.A. 12-766, and the administrative regulations adopted pursuant thereto (K.A.R. 5-44-1 through 7) approved your regulations on April 7, 2009. The approved resolution is returned for your files.

Sincerely,



Steve Samuelson, CFM
NFIP Specialist

Enclosures: Resolution approved by Chief Engineer

FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT RESOLUTION

60.3(a)

RESOLUTION # 09-04

ARTICLE 1 STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION, FINDINGS OF FACT, AND PURPOSES

SECTION A. STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION

1. *Approval of Draft Resolution by Kansas Chief Engineer Prior to Adoption*

The following floodplain management regulations, as written, were approved in draft form by the Chief Engineer of the Division of Water Resources of the Kansas Department of Agriculture on April 27 ¹⁴¹⁵ 2009.

2. *Kansas Statutory Authorization*

The Legislature of the State of Kansas has in K.S.A. 12-741 *et seq.*, and specifically in K.S.A. 12-766, delegated the responsibility to local governmental units to adopt floodplain management regulations designed to protect the health, safety, and general welfare. Therefore, the Board of County Commissioners of Woodson County, Kansas, ordains as follows:

SECTION B. FINDINGS OF FACT

1. *Flood Losses Resulting from Periodic Inundation*

The flood-prone areas of Woodson County, Kansas are subject to inundation that results in loss of life and property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief, and impairment of the tax base; all of which adversely affect the public health, safety and general welfare.

2. *General Causes of the Flood Losses*

These flood losses are caused by (1) the cumulative effect of development in any flood-prone area causing increases in flood heights and velocities; and (2) the occupancy of flood-prone areas by uses vulnerable to floods, hazardous to others, inadequately elevated, or otherwise unprotected from flood damages.

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SECTION C. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

It is the purpose of this resolution to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare; to minimize those losses described in Article 1, Section B (1); to establish or maintain the community's eligibility for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) as defined in 44 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 59.22(a)(3); and to meet the requirements of 44 CFR 60.3(a) by applying the provisions of this resolution to:

1. Restrict or prohibit uses that are dangerous to health, safety, or property in times of flooding or cause undue increases in flood heights or velocities;
2. Require uses vulnerable to floods, including public facilities that serve such uses, be provided with flood protection at the time of initial construction; and
3. Protect individuals from buying lands that are unsuited for the intended development purposes due to the flood hazard.

ARTICLE 2 GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION A. LANDS TO WHICH RESOLUTION APPLIES

This resolution shall apply to all lands within the jurisdiction of the Woodson County that have been identified by the community as having the presence of flood-prone areas. In all areas covered by this resolution, no development shall be permitted except through the issuance of a floodplain development permit, granted by the Board of County Commissioners or its duly designated representative under such safeguards and restrictions as the Board of County Commissioners or the designated representative may reasonably impose for the promotion and maintenance of the general welfare, health of the inhabitants of the community, and as specifically noted in Article 4.

SECTION B. COMPLIANCE

No development located within the flood-prone areas of this community shall be located, extended, converted, or structurally altered without full compliance with the terms of this resolution and other applicable regulations.

SECTION C. ABROGATION AND GREATER RESTRICTIONS

It is not intended by this resolution to repeal, abrogate, or impair any existing easements, covenants, or deed restrictions. However, where this resolution imposes greater restrictions, the provisions of this resolution shall prevail. All other resolutions inconsistent with this resolution are hereby repealed to the extent of the inconsistency only.

SECTION D. INTERPRETATION

In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this resolution shall be held to be minimum requirements, shall be liberally construed in favor of the governing body, and shall not be deemed a limitation or repeal of any other powers granted by State statutes.

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SECTION E. WARNING AND DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

The degree of flood protection required by this resolution is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on the community's knowledge of past flooding. Larger floods may occur on rare occasions or the flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes, such as ice jams and bridge openings restricted by debris. This resolution does not imply that areas outside the floodplain or land uses permitted within such areas will be free from flooding or flood damage. This resolution shall not create a liability on the part of Woodson County (community name), any officer or employee thereof, for any flood damages that may result from reliance on this resolution or any administrative decision lawfully made there under.

SECTION F. SEVERABILITY

If any section; clause; provision; or portion of this resolution is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court of appropriate jurisdiction, the remainder of this resolution shall not be affected thereby.

ARTICLE 3 ADMINISTRATION

SECTION A. FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

A floodplain development permit shall be required for all proposed construction or other development, including the placement of manufactured homes, so that it may be determined whether such construction or other development is proposed within flood-prone areas. No person, firm, corporation, or unit of government shall initiate any development or substantial-improvement or cause the same to be done without first obtaining a separate floodplain development permit for each structure or other development.

SECTION B. DESIGNATION OF FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR

The Coordinator of Emergency is hereby appointed to administer and implement the provisions of this resolution.

SECTION C. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR

Duties of the designated Floodplain Administrator shall include, but not be limited to:

1. Review of all applications for floodplain development permits to assure that sites are reasonably safe from flooding and that the floodplain development permit requirements of this resolution have been satisfied;
2. Review of all applications for floodplain development permits for proposed development to assure that all necessary permits have been obtained from Federal, State, or local governmental agencies from which prior approval is required by Federal, State, or local law;
3. Review all subdivision proposals and other proposed new development, including manufactured home parks or subdivisions, to determine whether such proposals will be reasonably safe from flooding;
4. Issue floodplain development permits for all approved applications;

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5. Notify adjacent communities and the Kansas Department of Agriculture, Division of Water Resources prior to any alteration or relocation of a watercourse, and submit evidence of such notification to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA); and
6. Assure that the flood-carrying capacity is not diminished and shall be maintained within the altered or relocated portion of any watercourse; and

SECTION D. APPLICATION FOR FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

To obtain a floodplain development permit, the applicant shall first file an application in writing on a form furnished for that purpose. Every floodplain development permit application shall:

1. Describe the land on which the proposed work is to be done by lot, block and tract, house and street address, or similar description that will readily identify and specifically locate the proposed building or work;
2. Identify and describe the work to be covered by the floodplain development permit;
3. Indicate the use or occupancy for which the proposed work is intended;
4. Indicate the assessed value of the structure and the fair market value of the improvement;
5. Give such other information as reasonably may be required by the Floodplain Administrator;
6. Be accompanied by plans and specifications for proposed construction; and
7. Be signed by the permittee or his authorized agent who may be required to submit evidence to indicate such authority.

ARTICLE 4 PROVISIONS FOR FLOOD HAZARD REDUCTION

SECTION A. GENERAL STANDARDS

1. No permit for floodplain development shall be granted for new construction, substantial-improvements, and other improvements, including the placement of manufactured homes, within any flood-prone area unless the conditions of this section are satisfied.
2. All new construction, subdivision proposals, substantial-improvements, prefabricated buildings, placement of manufactured homes, and other developments within flood-prone areas shall:
 - a. Be designed (or modified) and adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy;

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- b. Be constructed with materials resistant to flood damage;
- c. Be constructed by methods and practices that minimize flood damages;
- d. Be constructed with all electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air-conditioning equipment, and other service facilities that are designed and/or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding;
- e. New or replacement (1) water supply systems, (2) sanitary sewage systems be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharges from the systems into flood waters, and (3) on-site waste disposal systems be located to avoid impairment to them and contamination from them during flooding; and
- f. Subdivision proposals and other proposed new development, including manufactured home parks or subdivisions, located within flood-prone areas are required to be reasonably safe from flooding and to assure that:
 - (1) All such proposals are consistent with the need to minimize flood damage;
 - (2) All public utilities and facilities, such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems are located and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damage; and
 - (3) Adequate drainage is provided so as to reduce exposure to flood hazards.

3. *Storage, material, and equipment*

- a. The storage or processing of materials within flood-prone areas that are in time of flooding buoyant, flammable, explosive, or could be injurious to human, animal, or plant life is prohibited.
- b. Storage of other material or equipment may be allowed if not subject to major damage by floods, if firmly anchored to prevent flotation, or if readily removable from the area within the time available after a flood warning.

SECTION B. MANUFACTURED HOMES

- 1. All manufactured homes to be placed within flood-prone areas shall be required to be installed using methods and practices that minimize flood damage. For the purposes of this requirement, manufactured homes must be anchored to resist flotation, collapse, or lateral movement. Methods of anchoring may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors. This requirement is in addition to applicable State and local anchoring requirements for resisting wind forces.

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SECTION C. RECREATIONAL VEHICLES

Require that recreational vehicles placed on sites within flood-prone areas:

1. Be on the site for fewer than 180 consecutive days, or
2. Be fully licensed and ready for highway use*; or
3. Meet the permitting, elevation, and anchoring requirements for manufactured homes of this resolution.

*A recreational vehicle is ready for highway use if it is on its wheels or jacking system, is attached to the site only by quick-disconnect type utilities and security devices, and has no permanently attached additions.

ARTICLE 5 FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT VARIANCE PROCEDURES

SECTION A. ESTABLISHMENT OF APPEAL BOARD

The Woodson County Board of County Commissioners, Appeal Board, as established by Woodson County shall hear and decide appeals and requests for variances from the floodplain management requirements of this resolution.

SECTION B. RESPONSIBILITY OF APPEAL BOARD

Where an application for a floodplain development permit is denied by the Floodplain Administrator, the applicant may apply for such floodplain development permit directly to the Appeal Board, as defined in Article 5, Section A.

The Appeal Board shall hear and decide appeals when it is alleged that there is an error in any requirement, decision, or determination made by the Floodplain Administrator in the enforcement or administration of this resolution.

SECTION C. FURTHER APPEALS

Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Appeal Board or any taxpayer may appeal such decision to the District Court as provided in K.S.A. 12-759 & 12-760.

SECTION D. FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT VARIANCE CRITERIA

In passing upon such applications for variances, the Appeal Board shall consider all technical data and evaluations, all relevant factors, standards specified in other sections of this resolution, and the following criteria:

1. Danger to life and property due to flood damage;
2. Danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others;
3. Susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual owner;

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4. Importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community;
5. Necessity to the facility of a waterfront location, where applicable;
6. Availability of alternative locations, not subject to flood damage, for the proposed use;
7. Compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development;
8. Relationship of the proposed use to the comprehensive plan and floodplain management program for that area;
9. Safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles;
10. Expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise and sediment transport of the flood waters, if applicable, expected at the site; and,
11. Costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions including maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems; streets; and bridges.

SECTION E. CONDITIONS FOR APPROVING FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT VARIANCES

1. Generally, variances may be issued for new construction and substantial-improvements to be erected on a lot of one-half acre or less in size contiguous to and surrounded by lots with existing structures constructed below the base flood elevation, providing items two (2) through five (5) below have been fully considered. As the lot size increases beyond the one-half acre, the technical justification required for issuing the variance increases.
2. Variances may be issued for the reconstruction, repair, rehabilitation, or restoration of structures listed on the National Register of Historic Places, the State Inventory of Historic Places, or local inventory of historic places upon determination provided the proposed activity will not preclude the structure's continued historic designation and the variance is the minimum necessary to preserve the historic character and design of the structure.
3. Variances shall only be issued upon a determination that the variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.
4. Variances shall only be issued upon (a) a showing of good and sufficient cause, (b) a determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship to the applicant, and (c) a determination that the granting of a variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public expense, create nuisances, cause fraud on or victimization of the public, or conflict with existing local laws or resolutions.
5. A community shall notify the applicant in writing over the signature of a community official that (1) the issuance of a variance to construct a structure below highest adjacent grade will result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25.00 for \$100.00 of insurance coverage and (2)

construction below highest adjacent grade increases risks to life and property. Such notification shall be maintained with the record of all variance actions as required by this resolution.

ARTICLE 6 PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION

Violation of the provisions of this resolution or failure to comply with any of its requirements (including violations of conditions and safeguards established in connection with granting of variances) shall constitute a misdemeanor. Any person who violates this resolution or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$100.00, and in addition, shall pay all costs and expenses involved in the case. Each day such violation continues shall be considered a separate offense. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Woodson County or other appropriate authority from taking such other lawful action as is necessary to prevent or remedy any violation.

ARTICLE 7 AMENDMENTS

The regulations, restrictions, and boundaries set forth in this resolution may from time to time be amended, supplemented, changed, or repealed to reflect any and all changes in the National Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, provided, however, that no such action may be taken until after a public hearing in relation thereto, at which parties of interest and citizens shall have an opportunity to be heard. Notice of the time and place of such hearing shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the Woodson County. At least twenty (20) days shall elapse between the date of this publication and the public hearing. A copy of such amendments will be provided to the Region VII office of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The regulations of this resolution are in compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) regulations.

ARTICLE 8 DEFINITIONS

Unless specifically defined below, words or phrases used in this resolution shall be interpreted so as to give them the same meaning they have in common usage and to give this resolution its most reasonable application.

"100-year Flood" see *"base flood."*

"Accessory Structure" means the same as *"appurtenant structure."*

"Actuarial Rates" see *"risk premium rates."*

"Administrator" means the Federal Insurance Administrator.

"Agency" means the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

"Appeal" means a request for review of the Floodplain Administrator's interpretation of any provision of this resolution or a request for a variance.

"Appurtenant Structure" means a structure that is on the same parcel of property as the principle structure to be insured and the use of which is incidental to the use of the principal structure.

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"Base Flood" means the flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

"Basement" means any area of the building having its floor subgrade (below ground level) on all sides.

"Building" see *"structure."*

"Chief Engineer" means the chief engineer of the division of water resources, Kansas Department Of Agriculture.

"Chief Executive Officer" or "Chief Elected Official" means the official of the community who is charged with the authority to implement and administer laws, resolutions, and regulations for that community.

"Community" means any State or area or political subdivision thereof, which has authority to adopt and enforce floodplain management regulations for the areas within its jurisdiction.

"Development" means any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, levees, levee systems, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations, or storage of equipment or materials.

"Eligible Community" or "Participating Community" means a community for which the Administrator has authorized the sale of flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

"Existing Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision" means a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed before the effective date of the floodplain management regulations adopted by a community.

"Expansion to an Existing Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision" means the preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads).

"Flood" or "Flooding" means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from (1) the overflow of inland and/or (2) the unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.

"Flood Hazard Map" means the document adopted by the governing body showing the limits of: (1) the floodplain; (2) the floodway; (3) streets; (4) stream channel; and (5) other geographic features.

"Floodplain" or "Flood-prone Area" means any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source (*see "flooding"*).

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"Floodplain Management" means the operation of an overall program of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damage, including but not limited to emergency preparedness plans, flood control works, and floodplain management regulations.

"Floodplain Management Regulations" means zoning resolutions, subdivision regulations, building codes, health regulations, special purpose resolutions (such as floodplain and grading resolutions) and other applications of police power. The term describes such state or local regulations, in any combination thereof, which provide standards for the purpose of flood damage prevention and reduction.

"Flood proofing" means any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures that reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, or structures and their contents.

"Functionally Dependent Use" means a use that cannot perform its intended purpose unless it is located or carried out in close proximity to water. This term includes only docking facilities and facilities that are necessary for the loading and unloading of cargo or passengers, but does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities.

"Highest Adjacent Grade" means the highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.

"Historic Structure" means any structure that is (a) listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register; (b) certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district; (c) individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or (d) individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either (1) by an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior or (2) directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

"Lowest Floor" means the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished or flood-resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access, or storage, in an area other than a basement area, is not considered a building's lowest floor, **provided** that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable flood proofing design requirements of this resolution.

"Manufactured Home" means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, that is built on a permanent chassis and is designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when attached to the required utilities. The term *"manufactured home"* **does not include** a *"recreational vehicle."*

"Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision" means a parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale.

"Market Value" or "Fair Market Value" means an estimate of what is fair, economic, just and equitable value under normal local market conditions.

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"New Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision" means a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lot on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed on or after the effective date of floodplain management regulations adopted by the community.

"(NFIP)" means the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

"Participating Community" also known as an *"eligible community,"* means a community in which the Administrator has authorized the sale of flood insurance.

"Permit" means a signed document from a designated community official authorizing development in a floodplain, including all necessary supporting documentation such as: (1) the site plan; (2) an elevation certificate; and (3) any other necessary or applicable approvals or authorizations from local, state or federal authorities.

"Person" includes any individual or group of individuals; corporation, partnership, association, or any other entity, including Federal, State, and local governments and agencies.

"Principally Above Ground" means that at least 51 percent of the actual cash value of the structure, less land value, is above ground.

"Recreational Vehicle" means a vehicle that is (a) built on a single chassis; (b) 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projections; (c) designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light-duty truck; and (d) designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use.

"Remedy A Violation" means to bring the structure or other development into compliance with Federal, State, or local floodplain management regulations; or, if this is not possible, to reduce the impacts of its noncompliance.

"Risk Premium Rates" means those rates established by the Administrator pursuant to individual community studies and investigations which are undertaken to provide flood insurance in accordance with Section 1307 of the National Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 and the accepted actuarial principles. *"Risk premium rates"* include provisions for operating costs and allowances.

"Start of Construction" includes substantial-improvements, and means the date the building permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition placement, or other improvements were within 180 days of the permit date. The **actual start** means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slabs or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, any work beyond the stage of excavation, or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading and filling, the installation of streets and/or walkways, excavation for a basement, footings, piers, foundations, the erection of temporary forms, nor installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial-improvement, the **actual start of construction** means the first alteration of any wall, floor, or ceiling.

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ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

"State Coordinating Agency" means that agency of the state government, or other office designated by the governor of the state or by state statute at the request of the Administrator to assist in the implementation of the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) in that state.

"Structure" means, for floodplain management purposes, a walled and roofed building, including a gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground, as well as a manufactured home. *"Structure"* for insurance purposes, means a walled and roofed building, other than a gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground and affixed to a permanent site, as well as a manufactured home on a permanent foundation, or a travel trailer, without wheels on a permanent foundation. For the latter purpose, the term includes a building while in the course of construction, alteration or repair, but does not include building materials or supplies intended for use in such construction, alteration or repair, unless such materials or supplies are within an enclosed building on the premises.

"Substantial-Damage" means damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to pre-damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

"Substantial-Improvement" means any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure before *"start of construction"* of the improvement. This term includes structures that have incurred *"substantial-damage,"* regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include either (1) any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications that have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions, or (2) any alteration of a *"historic structure,"* provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a "historic structure."

"Variance" means a grant of relief by the community from the terms of a floodplain management regulation. Flood insurance requirements remain in place for any varied use or structure and cannot be varied by the community.

"Violation" means the failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community's floodplain management regulations. A structure or other development without the elevation certificate, other certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this resolution is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.

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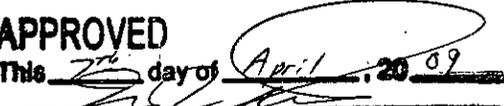
ARTICLE 9 CERTIFICATE OF ADOPTION

This Floodplain Management Resolution for the community of Woodson County, Kansas.

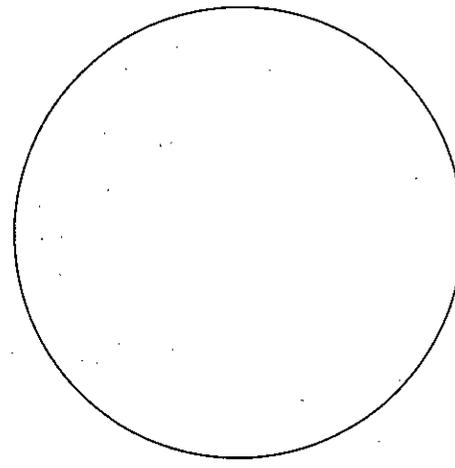
PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Governing Body of Woodson County, Kansas.

This 2nd day of April, 2009.

Chief Engineer Draft Approval Seal Here:

APPROVED
 This 2nd day of April, 2009

DAVID W. BARFIELD, P.E.
 Chief Engineer
 for Division of Water Resources
 Kansas Department of Agriculture

Community Approval Seal Here:



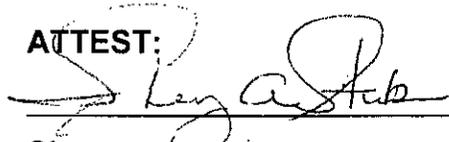
APPROVED:



Signature of Chief Executive Officer/Chief Elected Official
 Date

Chairman Woodson County Commission Gwendolyn D. Martin
 Chief Executive Officer/Chief Elected Official Name (Typed/printed)
 Title

ATTEST:



Signature of Recording Clerk
 Date

Woodson County Clerk Shelley A. Stuber
 Recording Clerk Name (Typed/printed)
 Title

Published in Official News publication Yates Center News
 (Name of Publication).

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